# **ORDER SHEET**THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH KARACHI

C.P No. D-2817 of 2025

#### DATE

## ORDER WITH SIGNATURE OF JUDGE

## HEARING.

- 1. For orders on office objection Nos.1 and 4.
- 2. For hearing of main case.

#### 22.07.2025

Mr. Mutawali Khan, Advocate for the Petitioner.

Mr. Haider Saleem, Addl. P.G.

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Zulfiqar Ali Sangi, J. – The petitioner, Mst. Mujahida Khalid w/o. Khalid Ali Mansoori, is nominated in FIR No.404 of 2025, registered at Police Station Darakhshan, Karachi for the offence punishable under Section 9(1)(3)(a) of CNS (Amendment) Act, 2024. Through the instant petition, the petitioner seeks post-arrest bail.

- 2. Briefly stated, the facts of the prosecution case as per FIR are that the police party of **P.S Darakhshan, Karachi** headed by **SI Sanaullah Soomro** during patrolling apprehended the petitioner and recovered **204 grams** of **Ice** from her possession, hence the aforesaid FIR under the provisions of CNS Act has been registered against her.
- 3. Learned counsel for the petitioner contends that the petitioner has been falsely implicated in this case and no recovery was affected from her. It is further argued that all the prosecution witnesses are police personnel despite the occurrence having allegedly taken place in a densely populated area. It is submitted that the recovery of **204 grams** of **Ice** has been foisted upon the petitioner with mala fide intention. The learned counsel has further relied upon the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of *Zahid Sarfaraz Gill v. The State* (2024 SCMR 934), wherein bail was granted in a case involving a larger quantity of narcotics.

- 4. Conversely, learned Assistant Prosecutor General opposes the petition by submitting that the chemical examiner's report confirms the recovered substance to be **Ice**, weighing **204 grams**. As per the relevant provision of the Control of Narcotic Substances Act, the said quantity prescribes a sentence of Imprisonment extend to five years but shall not be less than three years, along with fine. He further contends that the petitioner was apprehended redhanded by the police and the case against her stands fully established; hence, she is not entitled to the concession of bail.
- 5. We have heard the learned counsel for the parties at length and have examined the record with their able assistance.
- On tentative assessment of the available material, it is 6. evident that all the prosecution witnesses are police officials, and no independent witness from the locality has been associated, despite the place of arrest being a thickly populated residential area. Moreover, the complainant failed to record any video footage or capture photographs of the alleged search, recovery, or arrest, as emphasized by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Zahid Sarfaraz Gill v. The State (2024 SCMR 934), wherein the Apex Court has held that "Section 25 of the CNS Act excludes the applicability of Section 103 of the Cr.P.C., 1898; however, there is no justification for the failure of the police or Anti-Narcotics Force to record video footage or capture photographs during search, seizure, or arrest. Article 164 of the Qanun-e-Shahadat Order, 1984, permits the use of modern devices or techniques, and Article 165 overrides any contrary provisions in other laws. The absence of technological evidence often delays trials, leading to multiple bail applications. The use of cameras or mobile phones during such operations can provide corroborative evidence, prevent false accusations, and enhance public confidence in the justice system. Law enforcement agencies are urged to adopt such practices to curb the societal menace of narcotics and facilitate effective prosecution."

- 7. In view of the above discussion and the legal principles laid down in the aforementioned precedent, we are of the considered view that the petitioner has made out a case for grant of post-arrest bail. Consequently, this petition is allowed and the petitioner is admitted to post-arrest bail subject to furnishing solvent surety in the sum of Rs.100,000/- (Rupees One Hundred Thousand only) and a personal bond in the like amount to the satisfaction of the Nazir of this Court. The petitioner shall ensure her presence before the trial Court on each and every date of hearing without fail.
- 8. It is clarified that the observations made herein are tentative in nature and shall not influence the trial Court, which shall decide the matter strictly on merits.
- 9. The instant petition stands *disposed of* in the above terms.

**JUDGE** 

**JUDGE** 

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