## ORDER SHEET

## IN THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH, KARACHI Cr. B.A. No. 440 of 2024

## Date Order with signature of Judge

1.For order on MA No.2448/2024
2.For hearing of bail application.

08.04.2024

Mr. Muhammad Rafiq, Advocate for the applicant. Ms. Seema Zaidi, APG.

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1. Applicants M. Faheem & M. Waseem both sons of M. Saleem, are seeking bail after arrest in FIR No. 59/2024 lodged under Section 397, 34 PPC at P.S. Bilal Colony, Karachi.

2. The allegation against the applicants/accused is that on 05.02.2022 at about 1200 hours he in conjunction with other malefactors committed robbery and during the course of incident inflicted fire arm injuries to the complainant.

3. It is inter alia contended by the learned counsel for the applicants/accused that the applicants are not nominated in the FIR which fact is sufficient for grant of bail and mere severity of offence is not a ground of declining the bail plea of applicant/accused unless it is proved.

4. On the other hand, learned APG contended that applicants/ accused have committed an offence which is against the society, therefore, they are not entitled for concession of bail.

5. I have heard the submissions of learned counsel for the applicant as well as learned APG and scanned the available material. It is an admitted fact that applicants/accused are not nominated in

the FIR. It settled principle of law that mere severity of offence is not a ground for declining the bail plea of any culprit. It is clear that allegation can only be determined at the conclusion of the trial, where deeper appreciation of evidence will be made out whether the accused is involved in the case or not. The allegations by themselves would not constitute bar for the grant of bail in peculiar circumstances of the case. Object of trial is to make an accused to face the trial and not to punish an under trial prisoner. Furthermore, basic idea is to enable the accused to answer criminal prosecution against him rather than to rot him behind the bars. The prosecution has to explore every avenue to prove the guilt of applicant/accused including the element of mens rea. The basic concept of bail is that liberty of an innocent person is not to be curtailed unless and until proved otherwise. Deep appraisal and detailed discussion of evidence is not permissible and court should not cross the barrier of permissible limits of law while making tentative assessment of the evidence at the bail stage. The exercise of this power should, however, be confined to the cases in which a good prima facie ground is made out for the grant of bail in respect of the offence alleged.

6. As a result therefore, this bail application is allowed. Applicants M. Faheem & M. Waseem both sons of M. Saleem are granted bail subject to furnishing solvent surety in the sum of Rs.20,000/- (rupees twenty thousand) each with P.R bond in the like amount to the satisfaction of Nazir of learned trial Court.

7. Before parting, I would like to further observe that if the applicant after getting bail fails to appear before the trial Court and the trial Court is satisfied that the applicant has misused the concession of bail and became absconder then the trial Court is fully authorised to take every action against the applicant and his surety including cancellation of the bail without making a reference to this Court.

Aadil Arab

JUDGE