Order Sheet

IN THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH, CIRCUIT COURT, HYDERABAD

M.A. No.18 of 2021

DATE	ORDER WITH SIGNATURE OF JUDGE(S)
1	For bearing of CMA 2808/2021
1.	For hearing of CMA-2808/2021

- For hearing of CMA-2809/2021.
- 3. For hearing of CMA-2810/2021. 4.
- For hearing of main case.

03.11.2023

Mr. Muhammad Jamil Ahmed, Advocate for appellant. Mr. Imran Ali Borano, Advocate for respondent.

This admittedly time barred appeal is pending since 2021 without any progress and even the application seeking to condone the delay has not been determined till date. The only ground invoked in the application is that the appellant was advised to stay home by the doctor, as stated in paragraph 3 of the affidavit, and no other grounds are pleaded. While no documentary corroboration is attached to the application to demonstrate any debilitative infirmity, however, learned counsel points to annexures with the appeal to suggest that the applicant is prone to depression. It is the thrust of the learned counsel's argument that an appellant was not to be non-suited on the mere technicality of limitation.

It is the considered opinion of the Court that the prescriptions of limitation are not mere technicalities and disregard thereof would render entire law of limitation otiose¹. The Superior Courts have consistently maintained that it is incumbent upon the Courts to first determine whether the proceedings filed there before were within time and the Courts are mandated to conduct such an exercise regardless of whether or not an objection has been taken in such regard². The Superior Courts have held that an appeal barred by even a day could be dismissed³; once time begins to run, it runs continuously⁴; a bar of limitation creates vested rights in favour of the other party⁵; if a matter was time barred then it is to be dismissed without touching upon merits⁶; and once limitation has lapsed the door of adjudication is closed irrespective of pleas of hardship, injustice or ignorance⁷. It has been maintained by the honorable Supreme Court⁸ that each day of delay had to be explained in an application seeking condoning of delay and that in the absence of such an explanation the said application was liable to be dismissed.

Mehmood Khan Mahar vs. Qamar Hussain Puri & Others reported as 2019 MLD 249. Awan Apparels (Private) Limited & Others vs. United Bank Limited & Others reported as 2004 CLD 732.

³ 2001 PLC 272; 2001 PLC 143; 2001 PLC 156; 2020 PLC 82.

⁴ Shafaatullah Qureshi vs. Pakistan reported as PLD 2001 SC 142; Khizar Hayat vs. Pakistan Railways reported as 1993 PLC 106.

Dr. Anwar Ali Sahito vs. Pakistan reported as 2002 PLC CS 526; DPO vs. Punjab Labour Tribunal reported as NLR 1987 Labour 212.

⁶ Muhammad Tufail Danish vs. Deputy Director FIA reported as 1991 SCMR 1841; Mirza Muhammad Saeed vs. Shahabudin reported as PLD 1983 SC 385; Ch Muhammad Sharif vs. Muhammad Ali Khan reported as 1975 SCMR 259.

WAPDA vs. Aurangzeb reported as 1988 SCMR 1354.

⁸ Lt. Col. Nasir Malik vs. ADJ Lahore & Others reported as 2016 SCMR 1821; Qamar Jahan vs. United Liner Agencies reported as 2004 PLC 155.

It is imperative to denote that the appeal is admittedly time barred. The ground employed seeking for the delay to be condoned is *prima facie* inadequate. It is settled law that each day of delay has to be explained in seeking condoning of delay, however, in the present circumstances no reasonable explanation appears to have been provided, hence, CMA 2808/2021 is hereby dismissed. As a consequence, the present appeal is found to be time barred, therefore, dismissed along with pending applications.

JUDGE

Muhammad Danish*