## ORDER SHEET IN THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH AT KARACHI CP D 163, 164, 165 & 166 of 2023

**DATE** 

ORDER WITH SIGNATURE OF JUDGE

- 1. For hearing of Misc. No.600/2023
- 2. For hearing of main case

## 25.01.2023.

Messers Sardar Muhammad Ishaque, Amjad Hayat and Waqar Ahmed Maitlo, advocates for the petitioner

Mr. Mohabat Hussain Awan, Advocate for respondent

Qazi Ayazuddin Qureshi, Assistant Attorney General

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Learned counsel for the petitioner submits that the controversy as raised in these petitions in respect of assessment alert dated 24.12.2022 already stands decided by this Court vide order dated 18.01.2023 passed in CP D 205 of 2023 (Universal Recycling vs. The Federation of Pakistan & others). The operative part of the said order reads as under:-

> "We have heard all the learned Counsel as well as the officer present in Court and perused the record. At the very outset, we have confronted the Assistant Collector present in Court to refer to or cite, as to any authority or powers vested in his office or for that matter the Collector concerned or the competent authority, to fix or determine the values of goods in question; and then circulate the same amongst its sub-ordinate officers, and to this no satisfactory response has been given. It may be noted that under section 25A of the Customs Act, 1969 (post Finance Act, 2019) it is the Director of Valuation, who can determine the values after following the methods as provided under section 25 ibid and notify the same and against this determination, an aggrieved person can approach the Director General for its revision under section 25D of the Act. Presently, the Collector of Customs can only make a reference to the Director Valuation for determination of Value(s) in terms of Section 25A of the Act, and nothing beyond that. In the instant matter, as informed, apparently a reference has already been made. Insofar as the impugned assessment alert is concerned, it is not a Valuation Ruling; but is an advice at the most, which per settled law has no binding force; nor the Collector has any jurisdiction to do so. Moreover, and without prejudice, it is also settled proposition of law that a Valuation Advice (and not a Valuation Ruling) is nothing but an advice which has no binding effect, whereas, it is not to be taken as a conclusive evidence while making assessment of goods<sup>1</sup>; and reliance upon the valuation advice simpliciter is not a valid basis of assessment of the value of

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Kings Pen Company v Collector of Customs [2005 PTD 118] & followed in Habib-ur-Rehman & Company v Collector of Customs [2006 PTD 313]

imported goods within the framework of section 25 of the Act<sup>2</sup>. If it had been a case of exercising powers in terms of s.25A, which admittedly is not, the Respondents may have had a case, but since in this case, a Valuation Ruling is yet to be issued in terms of s.25A of the Act, at best the assessment can only be made in terms of Section 25 of the Act, and not otherwise; either by way of an assessment alert or in any other manner.

Under the scheme of the Customs Act, even otherwise, the Collector, on its own motion cannot determine the values and notify the same by way of any circular, letter, assessment alert or even an advice. The Collector through his authorized officers can only assess and determine the values in terms of section 25 of the Act, however that power 1 Kings Pen Company v Collector of Customs [2005 PTD 118] & followed in Habib ur Rehman & Company v Collector of Customs [2005 PTD 69] 2 M.M.M. Traders v Deputy Collector of Customs [2006 PTD 313] C. P. NO. D-205 / 2023 Page 3 of 3 is restricted to and is applicable on consignments imported by the respective individuals and does not confer any authority, across the board for fixation or determination of values. Therefore, in our considered view, the impugned assessment alert has no legal basis; whereas the law i.e. the Customs Act, 1969, does not support any such determination of values by the Collector of Customs or for that matter by the Assistant Collector of Customs by way of any purported delegation of powers. When the Collector himself is not competent in law to issue any circular, letter, assessment alert or even an advice under the Act; as a natural corollary he cannot delegate such powers to any sub-ordinate officer. Therefore, the argument of the Assistant Collector present before us that it has been issued with the approval of the competent authority has no force. Consequently, the Assistant Collector cannot direct his sub-ordinate assessing officers to determine or assess any goods on the basis of predetermined values or minimum values, as the case may be.

Accordingly, while allowing the petition, the impugned assessment alert dated 24.12.2022 issued by Assistant Collector Group-III, Collectorate of Customs Appraisement East Karachi is hereby set aside; and the goods in question covered by this petition shall be strictly assessed in terms of Section 25 of the Act, immediately. If needed, an appealable assessment order be passed by the competent officer in terms of Section 80 of the Customs Act, 1969, after providing an opportunity of being heard to the petitioner strictly in accordance with law. It is further clarified that while passing the assessment order the respondent / concerned officer shall not be influenced by the assessment alert impugned in the instant petition. If the petitioner is still aggrieved from such assessment order, remedy as provided under the Act, be availed.

Petition along with pending applications is allowed in the above terms"

Since the controversy in the present petitions is identical, these petitions are also stands allowed in the above terms. Office is directed to place copy of this order in connected matters.

JUDGE

JUDGE

Amjad/PA

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> M.M.M. Traders v Deputy Collector of Customs [2006 PTD 313]