IN THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH AT KARACHI

R.A No.33 of 2014

DATE ORDER WITH SIGNATURE(S) OF JUDGE(S)

Before: Mr. Justice Nazar Akbar

Applicant No.1 : M/s. Gagarmayang Maritime Pte Ltd.,

Applicant No.2 : M/s. Dennerbrog Rederi A/s.,

Applicant No.3 : M/s. GBLT Ship Management Pte Ltd.,

Through Mr. Siddiq Shahzad, advocate.

<u>Versus</u>

Respondent No.1: M/s. Hafeez Ghee & Mills (Pvt) Ltd.

Through Mr. Mazhar Imtiaz Lari, advocate.

Respondent No.2: M/s. Transtrade (Pvt) Ltd.,

Date of hearing : **03.12.2018**

Date of Decision : **03.12.2018**

JUDGEMENT

NAZAR AKBAR, J. The applicants through this Revision Application have challenged the concurrent findings. The Ist Senior Civil Judge, South Karachi by Judgment dated 30.07.2010 decreed suit No.392/2008 filed by Respondent No.1 and the VIIth Additional District Judge, South Karachi by judgment dated 09.12.2013 passed in Civil Appeal No.42/2011 maintained the said findings of trial Court.

2. Precisely the facts of the case are that Respondent No.1 filed civil suit No.392/2008 against the Applicants for recovery of **US \$ 928.00** stating therein that Respondent No.1 has imported the consignment viz 250.000 Metric Tons Crude Degummed Soyabeen

Oil from Argentina under one bills of lading for delivery at the port of Karachi and a sum of U.S \$ 1,88,750.00 being C&F price of the said consignment was paid by the importers to the shippers/ suppliers M/s Concordia Trading B.V under letter of credit No.HMBLC2007/42660 dated **23.05.2007** opened in their favour through the Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd., Spencer's Building I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. It was averred that the Applicants/ carriers entered into a contract of affreightment under their three bills of lading No.SLO/KAR-20 dated 12.06.2007 for carriage and delivery of the consignment to Respondent No.1 at Karachi Port and accordingly carried the consignment on board their vessel/tanker Gagarmayang which arrived at Karachi Port on or about 28.07.2007 and discharged it into the shore tanks. After completion of discharging process, the attending surveyors representing all the parties alongwith ship surveyors carried out taking of ullages report and measurements of the goods/Crude Degummed Soyabeen Oil discharged from the ship into the shore tanks, jointly and found confirmed it to be short by 0.741 Metric Tons. Therefore, on account of short landing of the suit consignment to the extent of 0.741 Metric Tons Respondent No.1 have suffered loss to the extent of the amount of U.S \$ 928.00, as such, Respondent No.1 approached the Applicants for settlement of their claim but the Applicants failed to do so, therefore, Respondent No1 filed the said suit for recovery of U.S \$ 928.00 with interest/markup.

3. Applicants/defendants were served through various modes but they failed to appear before the trial Court, therefore, by order dated **14.07.2010** exparte proceedings were initiated against them

- and Mr. M. Shahid Assistant Manager Import of the Respondent No.1 / Plaintiff company filed his affidavit-in-evidence as exparte proof, who examined himself and produced relevant documents as exhibits Ex-P/1 to Ex-P/19.
- 4. The trial Court after considering the material available on record decreed the suit in favour of Respondent No.1/ plaintiff by judgment dated **30.07.2010**. Against said judgment, the Applicants filed Civil Appeal No.42/2011 before VIIth Additional District Judge, South Karachi which was dismissed by judgment dated **09.12.2013** being hopelessly time barred by **47 days**. The Applicants filed instant Revision Application against both the judgments.
- 5. I have heard learned counsel for the parties and perused the record.
- 6. Learned counsel has attempted to argue that there was no willful and deliberate absence of the Applicants from the trial Court, therefore, the trial Court ought to have recalled its exparte judgment & decree. He has further contended that the trial Court has failed to appreciate that the summons have not been served on the Applicants. However, unfortunately the dates and time even the conduct of the Applicants is apparent from the record shows that the Applicants even after having complete information about exparte judgment & decree have failed to approach the Court from the date of knowledge within 30 days. The very ground taken by the Applicants in their application for condonation of delay in filing the appeal was not properly supported with any affidavit of the

person who had appeared on behalf of the appellant before the trial Court and has categorically stated in writing the Applicants would engage a counsel and also file a written statement.

- 7. The lower appellate Court has very elaborately discussed the evidence showing the knowledge of the Applicants regarding exparte judgment, it is nowhere disputed nor any explanation has been offered by the appellant that why their own employee Syed Javed Haq, who appeared in the trial on **11.05.2010** has failed to follow the suit despite the fact that he is Assistant Manager of the Applicants' company. It is not denied that he is being Assistant Manager of Applicants.
- 8. In view of the undisputed facts that Assistant Manager Syed Javed Haq had appeared before the trial Court. The plea of the learned counsel for the appellant that the trial Court has failed to appreciate that service has not been properly affected on the Applicants is frivolous. It was not the case of the exparte decree on the first or second date after declaring the Applicants exparte. The record shows that after filing of the statement Syed Javed Haq on behalf of the appellant the trial has given at least six more dates to the Applicants on every week. Then again after receiving an e-mail on 13.12.2010 irrespective of the fact that whether Assistant Manager of the Applicants has informed them or not about the case, the appellant took more than 47 days in approaching the First Appellate Court. It may be mentioned here that the copy of the impugned exparte judgment of the trial Court filed with this Revision Application does not show any date and time for making application for certified copy of the judgment in Suit

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No.392/2008. Irrespective of the fact that they have miserably

failed to approach the Court in time, the appellant when knew that

they were thrown out on account of limitation, the appellant

should have filed copy of the true certified copy of impugned order

to make out a case of limitation and period of delay to be

condoned, if any.

9. In view of the above facts, no case for interference in the

judgments of two courts below is made out since there was no

illegality or irregularity in the judgments of the Courts below nor

the decisions are contrary to law, therefore, instant Revision

Application was dismissed alongwith pending applications by short

order dated **03.12.2018** and these are the reasons for the same.

JUDGE

Karachi Dated:02.02.2019

Ayaz Gul/P.A